## **GLOSSARY**

Abuse: Any intentional or grossly negligent act or series of acts of

intentional or grossly negligent omission to act which causes injury to a client, including but not limited to assault or battery, failure to provide treatment or care, or sexual harassment of the

client. Abuse may be mental, verbal, sexual, or physical.

Adverse Action: Denial of entrance into, termination or reduction of services

from CCSP.

Affiliated Computer Services: Current fiscal agent of DMA, responsible for CCSP claims

processing.

Aggregate Cost: Average cost for providing CCSP to all CCSP clients

during a fiscal year.

Anniversary Date: Date CCSP client initially receives a CCSP waivered service

which is reimbursed by Medicaid. Defined by Services Begin

Date on the client's SAF.

Applicant: Consumer who indicates a desire to participate in the

Community Care Services Program.

Area Agency on Aging: Gateway through which aging programs are funded and

integrated. There is one AAA for each designated Planning and

Service Area.

Authorized Representative: Individual designated by the client to represent his or her

interests; may be an attorney, paralegal, friend, or family

member.

Care Coordinator: Care coordinators are either registered nurses or social services

workers employed by the AAA or its subcontract agency. They screen, assess, reassess clients and coordinate and evaluate CCSP client service delivery. Care coordinators implement care plans, arrange for clients to receive services and evaluate effectiveness of services and interventions in meeting care plan

goals.

Caregiver: Individual primarily responsible for the care of another person.

Care Plan: Treatment and service order plan developed for a CCSP-eligible

client to improve or maintain client's functional ability.

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS): Federal agency that oversees Medicare and Medicaid.

Client Health Assessment Tool (CHAT):

A software application designed for use by information and referral agencies who perform health assessments for their clients.

Community Care Services Program (CCSP):

Title XIX Medicaid waivered community-based services available to functionally impaired persons as an alternative to care in a nursing facility.

Consumer Directed Option **Personal Support Services** (CD-PSS):

Service delivery option in which CCSP client or his/her representative assumes all responsibilities for hiring and training a qualified employee and schedules services within within the framework and budget of the comprehensive care plan.

Cost Share (client liability): Financial liability assigned to each Medical Assistance Only (MAO) client calculated by the county Department of Family

And Children Services (DFCS).

Critical Incident: Incidents of serious injury and/or unexpected death or elopement.

Deauthorization: Automated procedure which compares CCSP Medicaid

> waivered services authorized monthly by the care coordinator to CCSP provider payment data from the Department of Medical Assistance (DMA). Deauthorization reduces amount authorized

on the SAF to equal the amount billed and paid.

DFCS/DFACS: State Division of Family & Children Services and county

Departments of Family & Children Services, both part of DHR.

DHR: The Department of Human Resources is the state agency

responsible for the delivery of health and social services. There are

5 divisions: Aging Services, Public Health, Mental Health/ Developmental Disabilities/Addictive Diseases, Family and

Children Services and Rehabilitation Services.

Division of Medical Assistance, within the Georgia Department of DMA:

> Community Health. Jointly funded, federal/state healthcare assistance program serving primarily low income individuals;

children, pregnant women, the elderly, blind and disabled.

DMA-6: Form entitled "Physician's Recommendation Concerning Nursing

Facility Care or Intermediate Care for Mentally Retarded". Used to request from the Georgia Medical Care Foundation (GMCF) preadmission approval of a level of care certification needed for

admission to a Medicaid nursing facility.

DMA-613: Form used to screen a client's mental health status. Needed for

admission to a Medicaid nursing facility.

Diagnostic Related Group: A diagnostic group used for reimbursement purposes by the DMA

and medical insurance companies.

Exploitation: Unjust or improper use of another person or the person's property

Through undue influence, coercion, harassment, duress, deception, false representation, false pretense, or other similar means for

one's own profit or advantage

Elopement: A cognitively impaired person who is missing from home,

ADH or ALS facility.

Fair Hearing: Process that occurs when an applicant/client appeals an adverse

action.

Final Appeal: Review of an adverse decision in a CCSP case by the DHR Legal

Services Office (LSO). Consists of a review of the entire initial hearing record and any additional material submitted at the time of the hearing request. The LSO may provide for taking of additional

testimony, argument, or evidence in a final appeal review.

Fiscal Intermediary: Medicaid approved financial services provider, provides fiscal

support for consumer participating in CD-PSS.

Fiscal Year: Funding and reporting period of twelve months. State fiscal year

(SFY) begins July 1 and ends June 30. Federal fiscal year (FFY)

begins October 1 and ends September 30.

Formal Support Services: Services paid by Medicare, Medicaid, insurance and other

government fund sources.

Functionally Impaired: Condition of having physical or cognitive limitations that restrict

an individual's capacity to live independently.

Home Delivered Services: Skilled services provided to CCSP clients, including home health

aides, skilled nursing, physical, occupational, and speech therapies

and medical social services.

Homebound: Designation of an individual whose medical or mental ability is

impaired to the point that the client CCSP applicant/client cannot leave home without assistance. An individual does not have to be bedridden to be considered homebound. However, the client's home must be the most appropriate setting to provide the services

necessary to meet the medical needs of the patient.

Initial Care Plan: First treatment and order plan developed for a new client entering

the CCSP for the first time or after reinstatement.

Informal Support Services: Services provided by family, friends or church organizations.

Information Technology: Section of DHR responsible for CCSP Aging Information

Management System (AIMS).

Lead Agency: A local AAA under contract with the Division of Aging Services,

DHR, to manage care coordination of CCSP within a PSA.

Level of Care: Determination based on the same medical criteria the DMA uses to

determine individual Intermediate LOC certification for a nursing facility and cannot exceed 12 months without re-determination. A care coordinator (RN) has the authority to make this determination

in the CCSP.

Length of Stay: 1. Period of time a person is certified for a level of care.

2. Period of time a client is enrolled in a program.

3. Clients meet LOS requirement when they have received 32

consecutive days in case management.

Medical Assistance Only: Medicaid benefits for individuals who are not eligible for cash

assistance such as SSI.

Manual Transmittal: Care coordination manual revisions produced by DAS and

numbered sequentially with date displayed in footer at the bottom

of the page.

Minimum Data Set: A comprehensive assessment of nursing home residents to measure

physical, functional and cognitive loss. It is a federal mandate for

facilities participating in Medicaid or Medicare programs.

Mistreatment: Any behavior or practice that has the potential to or results in any

type of individual exploitation.

MDS-HC Minimum Data Set-Home Care, a comprehensive, standardized

instrument for evaluating the needs, strengths, and preferences of elderly clients in home care agencies. Compatible with the congressionally mandated MDS used in nursing homes.

Neglect: Failure to provide goods and services necessary to avoid physical

harm, mental anguish or mental illness.

Non-skilled Services: Services not required to be administered by skilled nurses or

skilled rehabilitation personnel, (e.g., administration of eye drops

and ointments are usually non-skilled services).

**Nutrition Screening Initiative** 

(NSI): A form used to determine if a client is at nutritional risk.

Older Americans Act: Federal law for the provision of services to people 60 years of age

or older.

Personal Support Aide: Person providing Personal Support Service that may include a

combination of basic personal care activities, respite care and

homemaking services to CCSP clients.

Physician: A doctor of medicine or doctor of osteopathy fully licensed to

practice medicine.

Planning and Service Area:

(PSA): Designated by the Division of Aging Services (DAS) designates

areas of the state. In each area the DAS designates an AAA to plan, coordinate and advocate for regional community service

systems.

Potential Medical Assistance Only:

Individuals who appear to meet all financial criteria for MAO but

have not been determined eligible for Medicaid by DFCS.

Primary Diagnosis: The primary or most important reason for the care provided.

Referral Source: Agencies or individuals that refer individuals for CCSP services.

Secondary Diagnosis: An additional medical condition which may affect client's health

status but is not used by the care coordinator to determine client's

appropriateness for the CCSP.

Serious Injury: Bodily injury that involves a substantial risk of death,

unconsciousness, extreme physical pain, sexual assault, violence,

protracted and obvious disfigurement or impairment.

Service Episode: Period of Medicaid-reimbursed, CCSP services which start with a

Services Begin Date and stop with a Services End Date.

Skilled Services: Services required to be administered by skilled nurses or therapists

(e.g., administration of intravenous feedings, intramuscular

injections are usually skilled services).

State Emergency Back-Up

Plan:

Services provided by a CCSP approved personal support services

provider; required for participation in CD-PSS. Provide services

in situations when the consumer's back up plan fails.

Social Services Block Grant

(SSBG): Funds used by DFCS and Division of Aging Services contractors

to provide various social services to individuals.

Supplemental Security

Income (SSI):

A federally administered cash assistance program based on

financial need for low income individuals who are aged, blind or

disabled; funded by Title XVI of the Social Security Act.

Title III: Section of the Older Americans Act which provides various social

and health related services to individuals 60 years of age and older.

Title XIX: Section of the Social Security Act which funds Medicaid; includes

funding for waivered services for in the CCSP.

Unduplicated Clients: Number of clients who received a CCSP, Medicaid waivered

service reimbursed by Medicaid during a state fiscal year

Unexpected Death: Death that occurs as a result of homicide, suicide, accident or

suddenly when client in apparent good health.

Utilization Review (UR): A review conducted by the Division of Medical Assistance to

determine the medical necessity for continued care, and the

effectiveness of that care, for each CCSP client.

Waiting List: The AAA or care coordination agency establishes a waiting list for

clients waiting for initial assessments when CCSP funds are not

available for additional clients.

Waivered Services: Services specifically designated for the CCSP and reimbursable by

Medicaid. Waivered services include: Adult Day Health,

Alternative Living Services, Emergency Response System, Home Delivered Meals, Home Delivered Services, Medical Social

Services, Personal Support Services/Consumer Directed Option for

Personal Support, Fiscal Intermediary Services (Consumer

Directed Option), and Out-Of-Home Respite Care.